

# Use Cases For Time Dimensions

The following use cases are examples from AtScale's Sales Insights demo data, in which [time dimensions](#) are used for time-based sales analysis. The calculated measures shown in each MDX example use the following time intelligence MDX functions to navigate through time dimensions: [LEAD](#), [LAG](#), [PREVMEMBER](#), [NEXTMEMBER](#), [CURRENTMEMBER](#), [PERIODSTODATE](#), and [PARALLELPERIOD](#).

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## Period-Over-Period Growth For Sales Amounts

In this use case, the calculated measures below can be used to compare sales growth of the current period to the previous period. These calculated measures use [CURRENTMEMBER](#), [LAG](#), and [PREVMEMBER](#) to calculate the sales amount for the previous period and the sales amount growth over the previous period.

### Case 1

Calculated measure for sales amount for the previous period: `[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-Prev]`

```
([Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].CurrentMember.PrevMember, [Measures].[salesamount1])
```

### Case 2

Calculated measure for sales amount growth over the previous period: `[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevPeriodGrowth]`

```
([Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].CurrentMember, [Measures].[salesamount1])  
-  
[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevYear]
```

## Workbooks

Figure 1. Tableau workbook use cases 1 and 2

Order Repo..	Order Repo..	Order Repo..	Sales Amount	Sales Amount-Order Retail445-Prev	Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevPeriodGrowth
Reporting Calendar 2007	Reporting Quarter 1, 2007	2007-01 (Jan)	\$643,157.03	\$1,153,895.85	-\$510,738.83
		2007-02 (Feb)	\$770,609.57	\$643,157.03	\$127,452.55
		2007-03 (Mar)	\$856,587.39	\$770,609.57	\$85,977.82
Reporting Quarter 2, 2007		2007-04 (Apr)	\$789,525.54	\$856,587.39	-\$67,061.85
		2007-05 (May)	\$836,877.61	\$789,525.54	\$47,352.06
		2007-06 (Jun)	\$1,095,352.23	\$836,877.61	\$258,474.62
Reporting Quarter 3, 2007		2007-07 (Jul)	\$1,254,221.38	\$1,095,352.23	\$158,869.15
		2007-08 (Aug)	\$1,218,490.73	\$1,254,221.38	-\$35,730.64
		2007-09 (Sep)	\$1,907,382.93	\$1,218,490.73	\$688,892.20
Reporting Quarter 4, 2007		2007-10 (Oct)	\$1,529,820.33	\$1,907,382.93	-\$377,562.60
		2007-11 (Nov)	\$1,899,414.63	\$1,529,820.33	\$369,594.30
		2007-12 (Dec)	\$2,924,107.29	\$1,899,414.63	\$1,024,692.65

Figure 2. Excel workbook for use cases 1 and 2

The screenshot shows an Excel PivotTable with the following data:

Row Labels	Sales Amount	Sales Amount-Order Retail445-Prev	Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevPeriodGrowth
Reporting Calendar 2007			
Reporting Semester 1, 2007			
Reporting Quarter 1, 2007			
2007-01 (Jan)	\$643,157.03	\$1,153,895.85	-\$510,738.83
2007-02 (Feb)	\$770,609.57	\$643,157.03	\$127,452.55
2007-03 (Mar)	\$856,587.39	\$770,609.57	\$85,977.82
Reporting Quarter 2, 2007			
2007-04 (Apr)	\$789,525.54	\$856,587.39	-\$67,061.85
2007-05 (May)	\$836,877.61	\$789,525.54	\$47,352.06
2007-06 (Jun)	\$1,095,352.23	\$836,877.61	\$258,474.62
Reporting Semester 2, 2007			
Reporting Quarter 3, 2007			
2007-07 (Jul)	\$1,254,221.38	\$1,095,352.23	\$158,869.15
2007-08 (Aug)	\$1,218,490.73	\$1,254,221.38	-\$35,730.64
2007-09 (Sep)	\$1,907,382.93	\$1,218,490.73	\$688,892.20
Reporting Quarter 4, 2007			
2007-10 (Oct)	\$1,529,820.33	\$1,907,382.93	-\$377,562.60
2007-11 (Nov)	\$1,899,414.63	\$1,529,820.33	\$369,594.30
2007-12 (Dec)	\$2,924,107.29	\$1,899,414.63	\$1,024,692.65

The PivotTable Fields task pane on the right shows the following configuration:

- Filters: (Empty)
- Columns: Values
- Rows: Order Retail445, Values
- Selected Fields: Sales Amount-Order Retail445-Prev, Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevPeriodGrowth

## Sales Growth Year-Over-Year

In this use case, the calculated measures below can be used to find the internet sales growth over one year (between now and the same time last year). The MDX expressions below use CURRENTMEMBER and PARALLELPERIOD.

### Case 3

Calculated measure for internet sales from last year: [Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevYear]

```
(ParallelPeriod(
  [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].[Order Reporting_Year],
  1,
  [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].CurrentMember),
  [Measures].[salesamount1]
)
```

### Case 4

Calculated measure for growth of internet sales between last year and the current year: [Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevYearGrowth]

```
([Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].CurrentMember, [Measures].[salesamount1])
-
[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevYear]
```

### Workbooks

Figure 3. Tableau workbook for use cases 3 and 4

Order Reporting Y..	Order Reporting ..	Sales Amount	Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevYear	Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevYearGrowth	Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevYearGrowthPct
Reporting Calendar 2006	Reporting Quarter 1, 2006	\$2,829,071.99			
	Reporting Quarter 2, 2006	\$3,132,909.09	\$58,229.93	\$3,074,679.16	5280.24%
	Reporting Quarter 3, 2006	\$2,147,742.10	\$2,222,217.45	-\$74,475.35	-3.35%
	Reporting Quarter 4, 2006	\$2,308,706.55	\$2,855,094.35	-\$546,387.79	-19.14%
Reporting Calendar 2007	Reporting Quarter 1, 2007	\$2,270,353.99	\$2,829,071.99	-\$558,718.00	-19.75%
	Reporting Quarter 2, 2007	\$2,721,755.38	\$3,132,909.09	-\$411,153.71	-13.12%
	Reporting Quarter 3, 2007	\$4,380,095.04	\$2,147,742.10	\$2,232,352.94	103.94%
	Reporting Quarter 4, 2007	\$6,353,342.25	\$2,308,706.55	\$4,044,635.70	175.19%
Reporting Calendar 2008	Reporting Quarter 1, 2008	\$6,722,886.05	\$2,270,353.99	\$4,452,532.06	196.12%
	Reporting Quarter 2, 2008	\$8,124,422.11	\$2,721,755.38	\$5,402,666.74	198.50%
	Reporting Quarter 3, 2008	\$66,940.70	\$4,380,095.04	-\$4,313,154.34	-98.47%
	Reporting Quarter 4, 2008				

Figure 4. Excel workbook for use cases 3 and 4

Row Labels	Sales Amount	Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevYear	Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevYearGrowth	Sales Amount-Order Retail445-PrevYearGrowthPct
Reporting Calendar 2005	\$5,135,541.73			
Reporting Calendar 2006				
Reporting Semester 1, 2006				
Reporting Quarter 1, 2006	\$2,829,071.99			
Reporting Quarter 2, 2006	\$3,132,909.09	\$58,229.93	\$3,074,679.16	5280.24%
Reporting Semester 2, 2006				
Reporting Quarter 3, 2006	\$2,147,742.10	\$2,222,217.45	-\$74,475.35	-3.35%
Reporting Quarter 4, 2006	\$2,308,706.55	\$2,855,094.35	-\$546,387.79	-19.14%
Reporting Calendar 2007				
Reporting Semester 1, 2007				
Reporting Quarter 1, 2007	\$2,270,353.99	\$2,829,071.99	-\$558,718.00	-19.75%
Reporting Quarter 2, 2007	\$2,721,755.38	\$3,132,909.09	-\$411,153.71	-13.12%
Reporting Semester 2, 2007				
Reporting Quarter 3, 2007	\$4,380,095.04	\$2,147,742.10	\$2,232,352.94	103.94%
Reporting Quarter 4, 2007	\$6,353,342.25	\$2,308,706.55	\$4,044,635.70	175.19%
Reporting Calendar 2008				
Reporting Semester 1, 2008	\$14,847,308.17	\$4,992,109.37	\$9,855,198.80	197.42%
Reporting Semester 2, 2008	\$66,940.70	\$10,733,437.29	-\$10,666,496.59	-99.38%
Reporting Calendar 2009				

## Sales Year-To-Date

In this use case, the calculated measure below can be used to find the internet sales for the year, ending with the current date.

### Case 5

Calculated measure for the aggregate of sales for the year: `[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-YTD]`

MDX expression:

```
Aggregate(
    PeriodsToDate(
        [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].[Order Reporting_Year],
        [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].CurrentMember
    ),
    [Measures].[salesamount1]
)
```

## Sales Year-To-Date By Day, Compared To Previous Year

In this use case, the calculated measure below can be used to compare the daily sales amount for the year-to-date, and the year-to-date sales of the year previous.

### Case 6

Calculated measure for all internet sales of the year previous to the current year: `[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-YTDPrevYear]`

MDX expression:

```
Aggregate(
  PeriodsToDate(
    [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].[Order Reporting_Year],
    ParallelPeriod(
      [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].[Order Reporting_Year],
      1,
      [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].CurrentMember
    )
  ),
  [Measures].[salesamount1]
)
```

## Workbooks

Figure 5. Tableau workbook for use cases 5 and 6

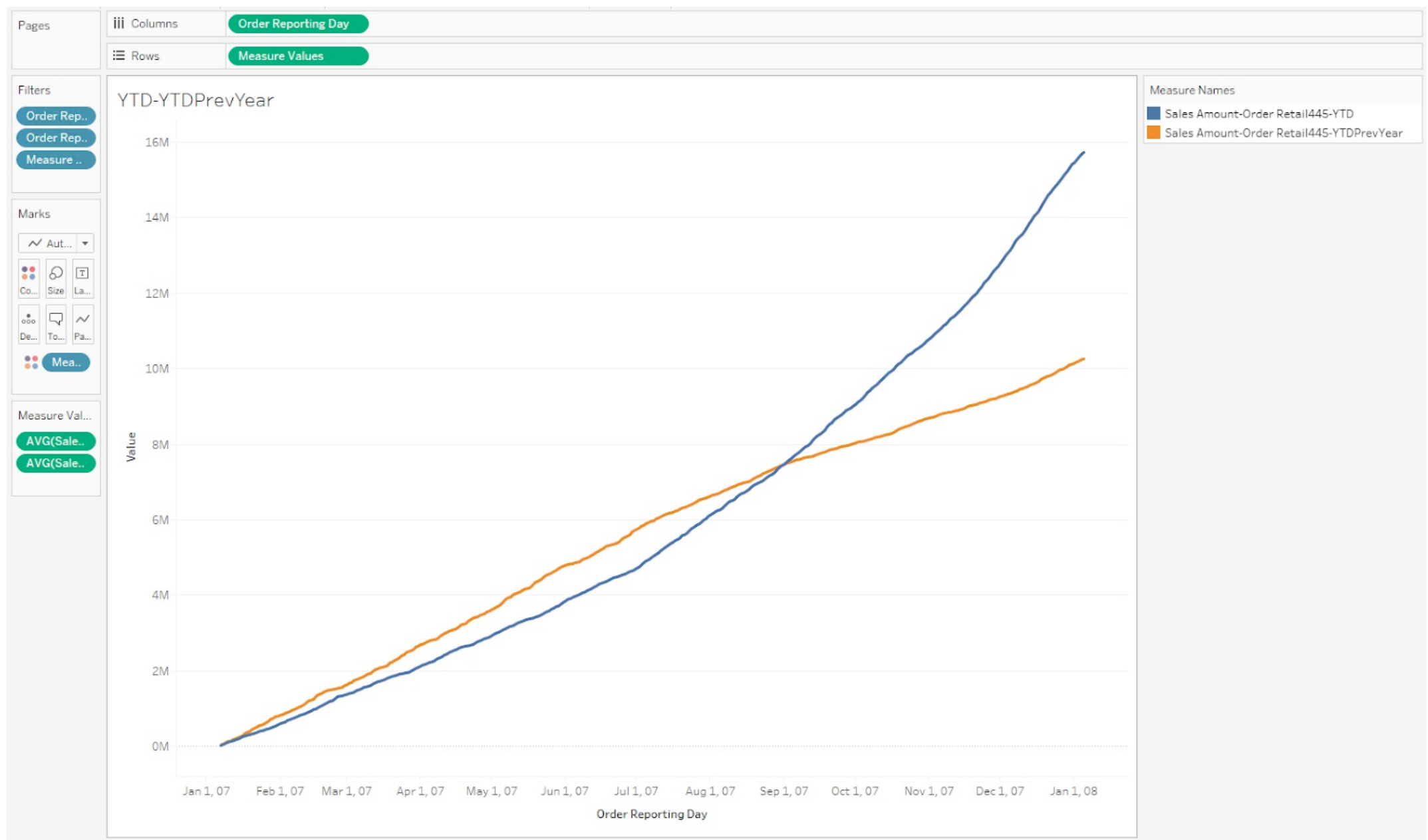
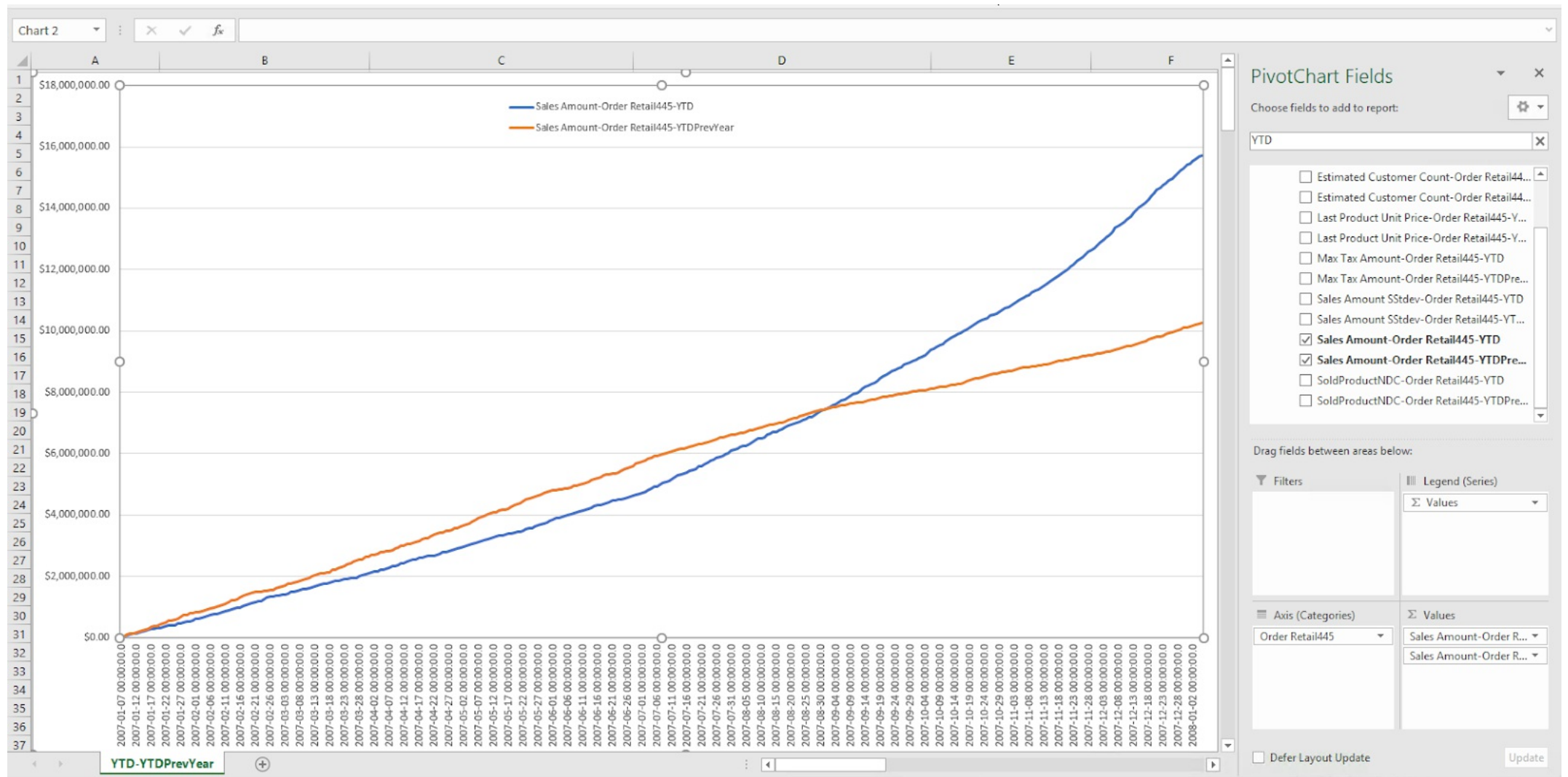


Figure 6. Excel workbook for use cases 5 and 6



## Daily Sales Compared To 30-Period Moving Average And Standard Deviation

In this use case, the calculated measures can be used to compare each day's sales for the past 30 days, as well as each day's moving average of the previous 30 days. We can also find the upper and lower bounds of the daily moving average's standard deviation.

### Case 7

Calculated measure for the 30-period moving average: `[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvAvg]` (Not that the Range operator ":" is inclusive at both ends of the range, so use a lag value of 29 to get a 30 period range.)

```
Avg(
  [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].CurrentMember.Lag(29)
  :
  [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].CurrentMember,
  [Measures].[salesamount1]
)
```

### Case 8

Calculated measure for the 30-period moving average's standard deviation: `[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvStdev]`

```

Stdev(
  [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].CurrentMember.Lag(29)
  :
  [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].CurrentMember,
  [Measures].[salesamount1]
)

```

## Case 9

Calculated measure for the standard deviation's upper bound: `[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvUpperBand]`

```

[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvAvg]
+
[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvStdev]

```

## Case 10

Calculated measure for the standard deviation's lower bound: `[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvLowerBand]`

```

[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvAvg]
-
[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvStdev]

```

## Workbooks

Figure 7. Tableau workbook for use cases 7, 8, 9 and 10

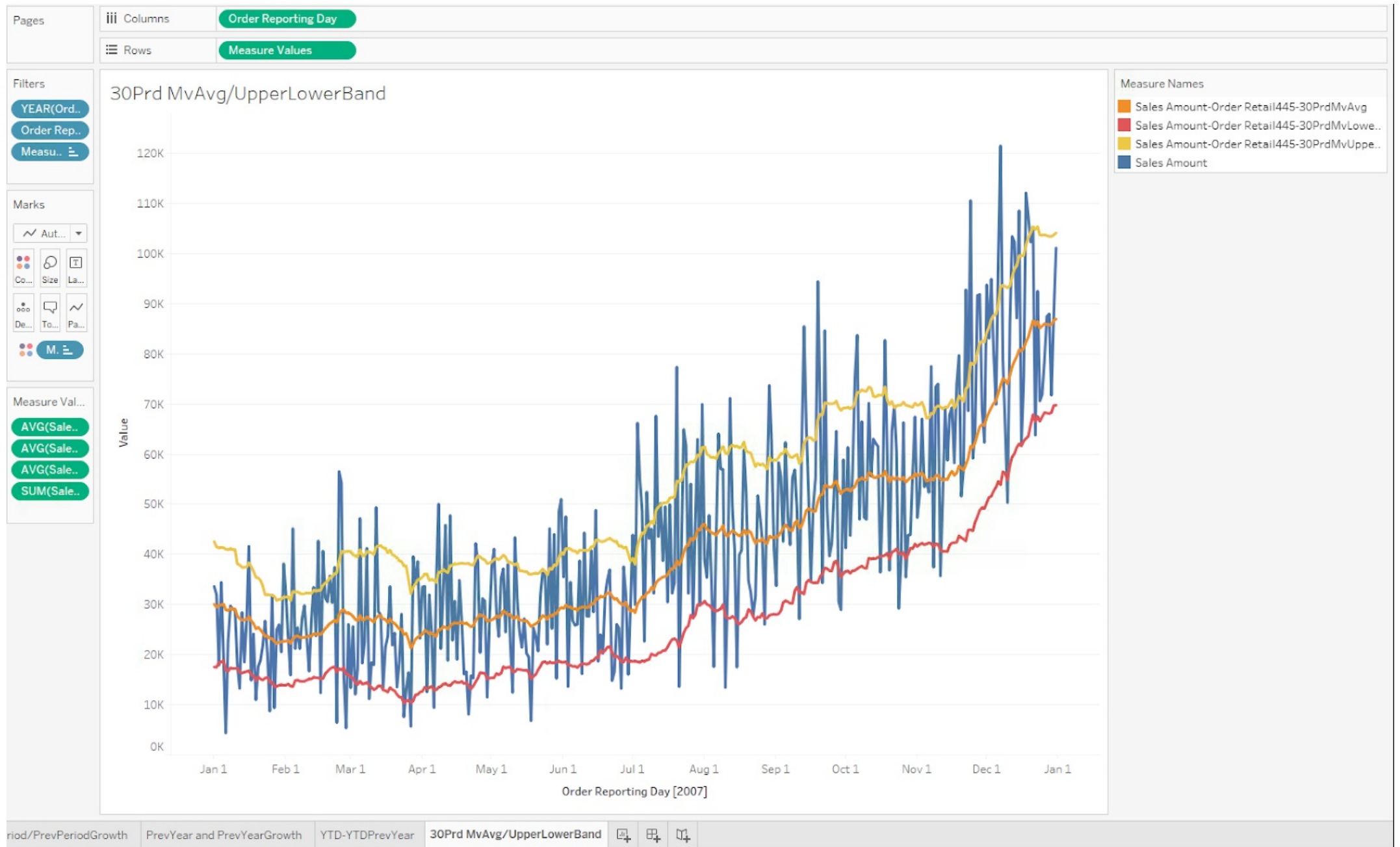
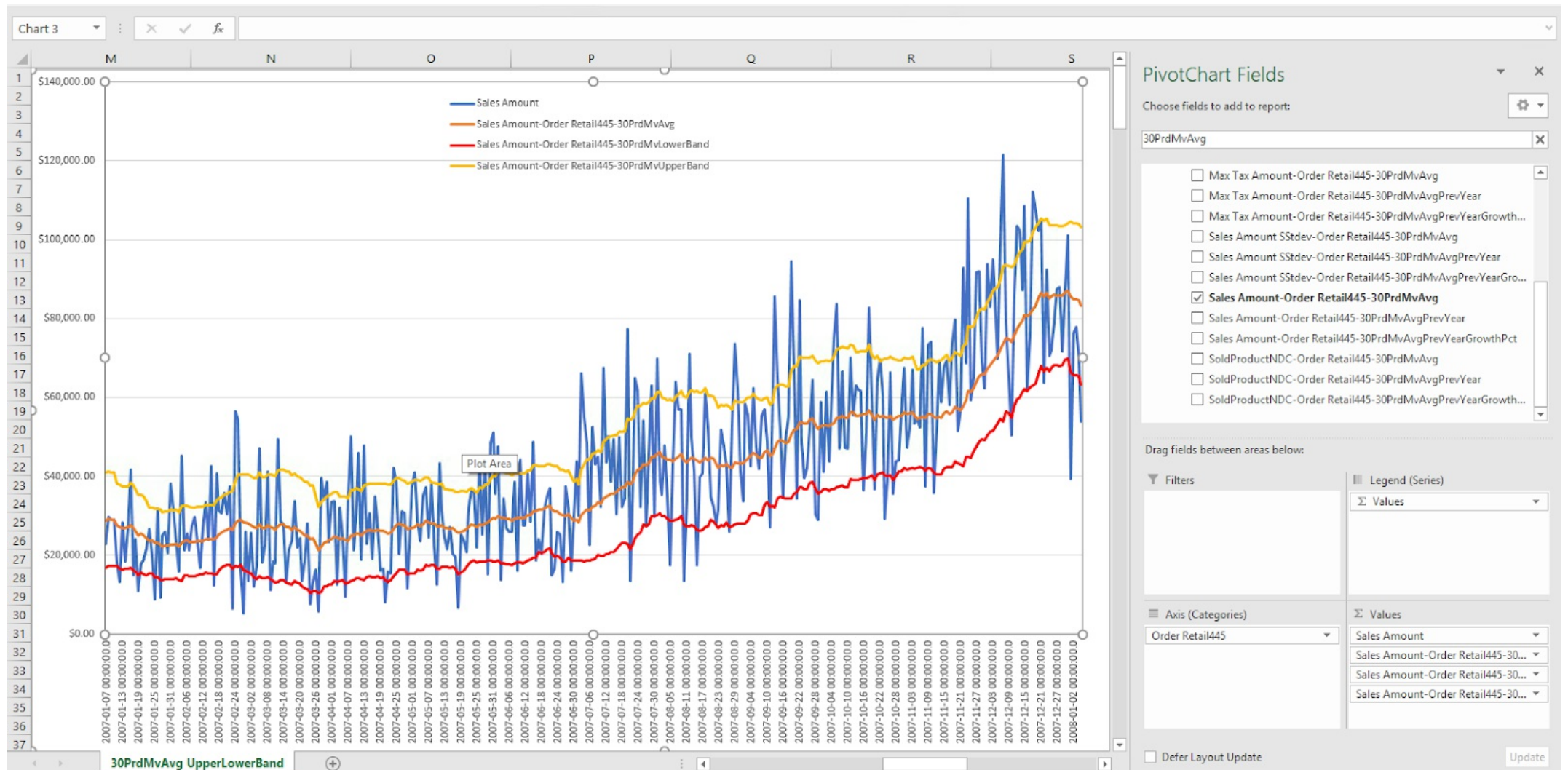


Figure 8. Excel visual representation for use cases 7, 8, 9 and 10



## 30-Period Moving Average Compared To The Previous Year's



This use case compares the moving average of sales for last 30 days, compared to the same period in the previous year.

### Case 11

Calculated measure for the 30-period moving average in the previous year: [Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvAvgPrevYear]

```

Avg(
  ParallelPeriod(
    [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].[Order Reporting_Year],
    1,
    [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].CurrentMember
  ).Lag(29):
  ParallelPeriod(
    [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].[Order Reporting_Year],
    1,
    [Order Date Dimension].[Order Retail445].CurrentMember
  ),
  [Measures].[salesamount1]
)
    
```

### Workbooks

Figure 9. Tableau workbook for use case 11 against 30PrdMvAvg

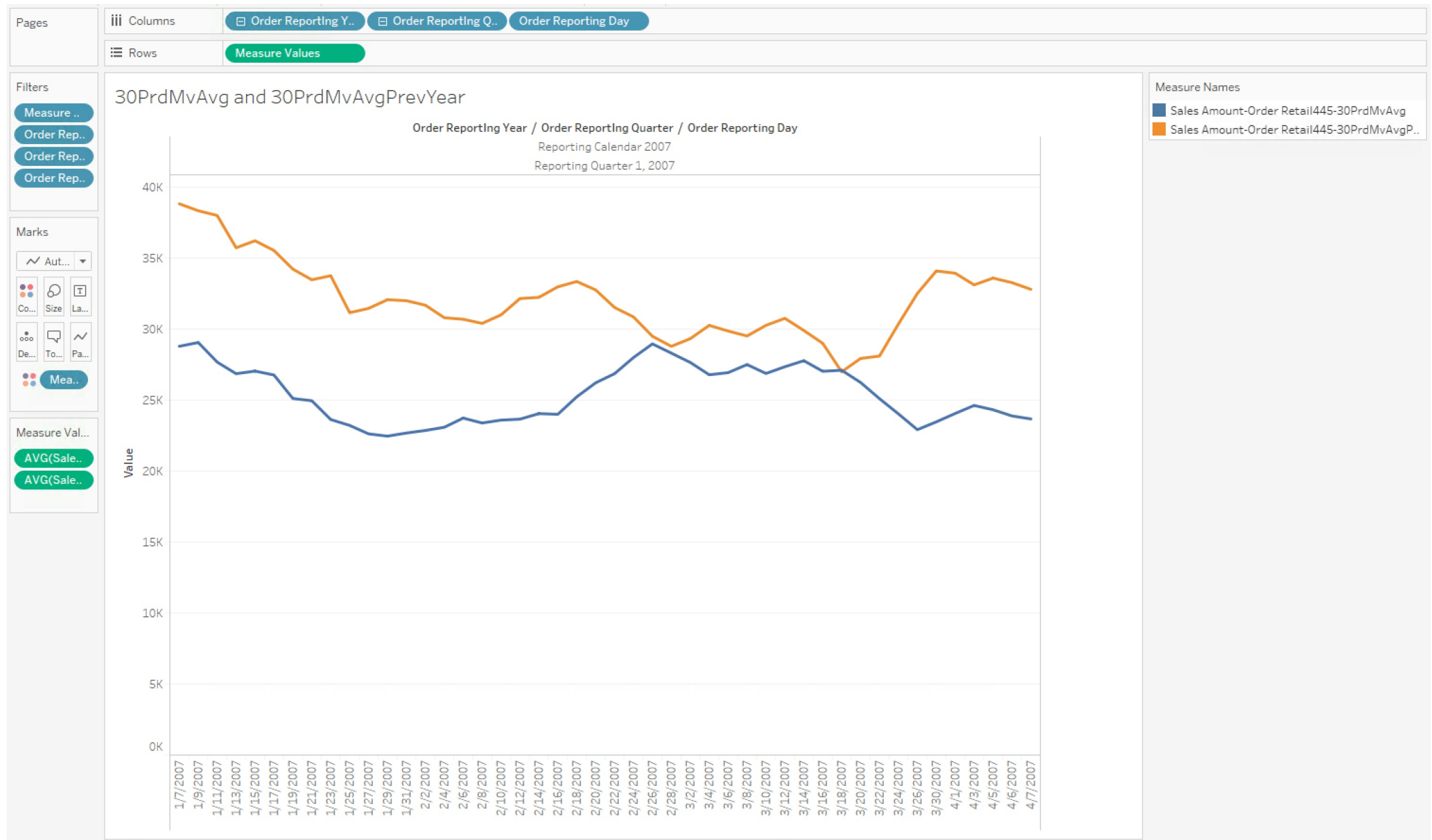
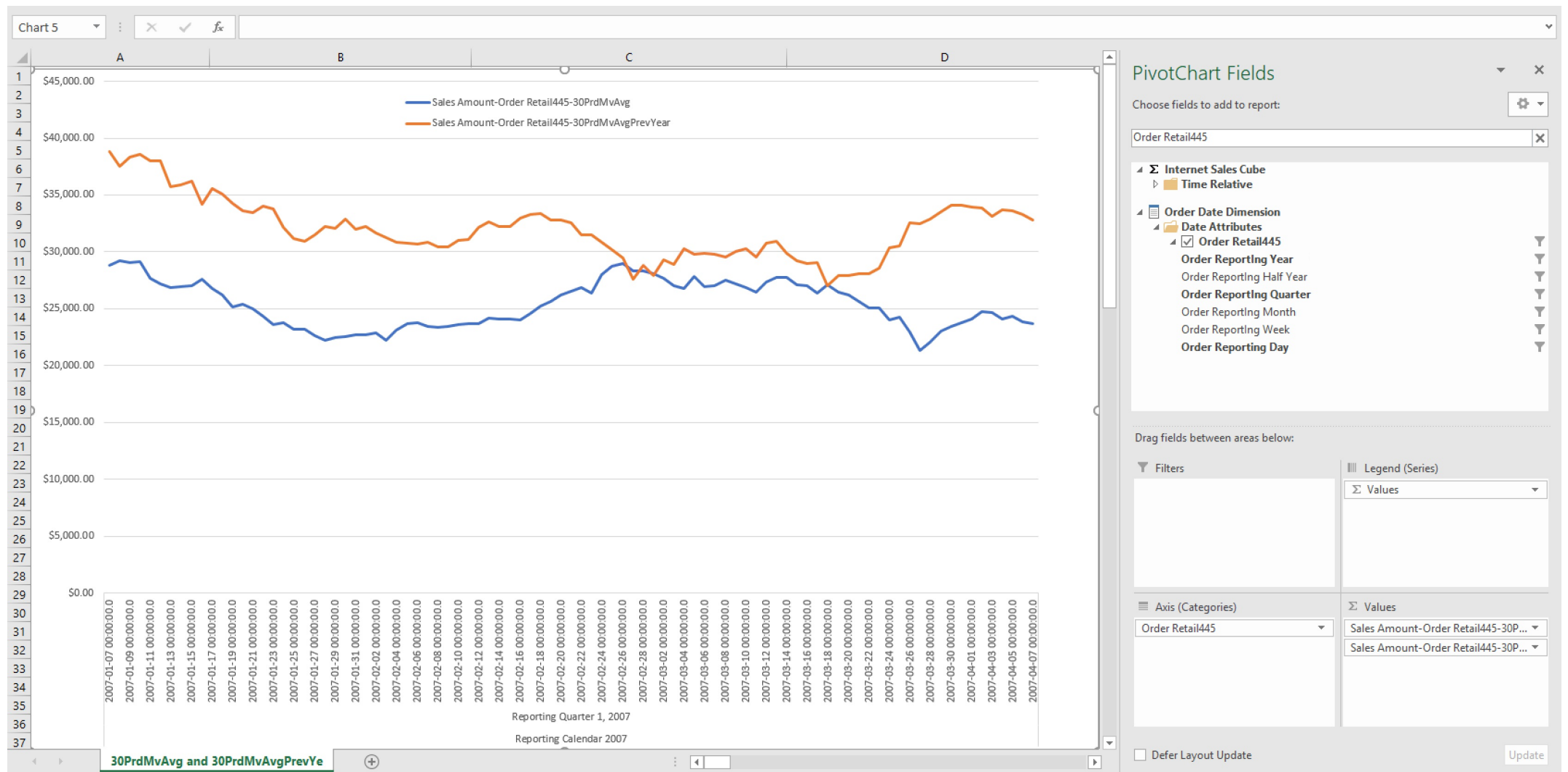


Figure 10. Excel workbook for use case 11 against 30PrdMvAvg



## 30-Period Moving Average Percent Change Compared To The Previous Year's

This use case compares the growth in percentage of the 30-period moving average, compared to that of the same period in the previous year.

### Case 12

Calculated measure for 30-period moving average growth between years : `[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvAvgPrevYearGrowthPct]`

```
(
  [Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvAvg]
  -
  [Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvAvgPrevYear]
)
/
[Measures].[Sales Amount-Order Retail445-30PrdMvAvgPrevYear]
```

## Workbooks

Figure 11. Tableau workbook for use case 12

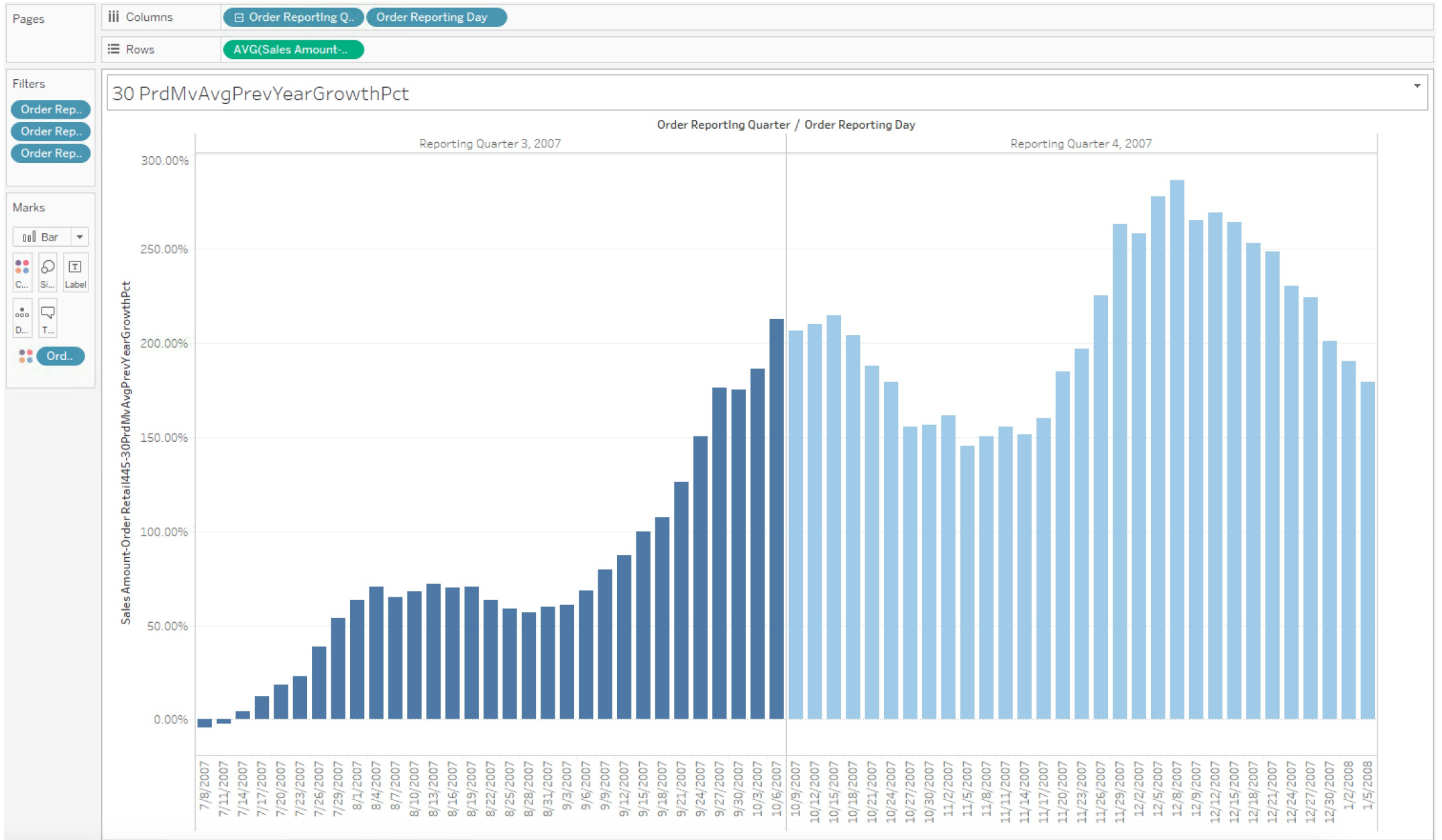


Figure 12. Excel workbook for use case 12

