

Connection Subgroups

You can obtain all the details you need for the connection subgroups in a specified catalog.

Request

The user account used for making this request should have the Manage Data Warehouses permission; for example, organization administrator or super user. For details, see [Creating and Editing Roles](#).

A query for connection subgroups must include the following:

- ▲ The SELECT statement must start with one or more connection subgroup parameters (comma separated).
- ▲ After the parameters you must provide the following data source: `FROM $system.DBSchema_Connection_Subgroups`

You can request the following connection subgroup parameters:

- ▲ CONNECTOR_TYPE
- ▲ DATABASE
- ▲ EXTRA_JDBC_FLAGS
- ▲ GROUP_ID
- ▲ HOSTS
- ▲ ID
- ▲ IS_KERBEROS_CLIENT_ENABLED
- ▲ MANAGEMENT_CONSOLE_URL
- ▲ NAME
- ▲ PORT
- ▲ QUERY_ROLES
- ▲ USERNAME

For details about the parameter types, see the `xsd:schema` element in the sample response provided below.

Response

The response contains a `<row>` element for each connection subgroup in the specified catalog. Each of these elements contains the values of the requested parameters.

Sample Request

The example here shows how to make a request with the `curl` tool:

- ▲ The requested data are subgroup's name (NAME), the connector type (CONNECTOR_TYPE), and extra JDBC flags (EXTRA_JDBC_FLAGS).
- ▲ The request is for the connection subgroups in the Sales Insights catalog.
- ▲ The token is obtained in advance.
- ▲ The query is for the default organization.
- ▲ The address of the AtScale system is: <http://example.com:10502/xmla/default>

The XML part of the request is as follows:

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<Envelope xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <Body>
    <Execute xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:xml-analysis">
      <Command>
        <Statement>SELECT CONNECTOR_TYPE, EXTRA_JDBC_FLAGS, NAME FROM
$system.DBSchema_Connection_Subgroups</Statement>
      </Command>
      <Properties>
        <PropertyList>
          <Catalog>Sales Insights</Catalog>
        </PropertyList>
      </Properties>
    </Execute>
  </Body>
</Envelope>
```

Here is the full form of the curl request:

```
curl -X POST \
-H "Authorization: Bearer $token" -H 'Content-Type: application/xml' \
-d '<Envelope xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">\n<Body><Execute xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:xml-analysis">\n<Command>\n  <Statement>SELECT CONNECTOR_TYPE, EXTRA_JDBC_FLAGS, NAME FROM\n$system.DBSchema_Connection_Subgroups</Statement>\n</Command>\n<Properties><PropertyList>\n  <Catalog>Sales Insights</Catalog>\n</PropertyList></Properties>\n</Execute></Body></Envelope>' \
http://example.com:10502/xmla/default'
```

Sample Response

The response for the sample request above contains `<row>` elements for each connection subgroup found. As requested, each of these elements contains only subgroup's name, the connector type, and extra JDBC flags:

```
<row>
<CONNECTOR_TYPE>mssql</CONNECTOR_TYPE>
<EXTRA_JDBC_FLAGS>encrypt=true;trustServerCertificate=true</EXTRA_JDBC_FLAGS>
<NAME>MSSQL</NAME>
</row>
```

Here is the full response:

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <soap:Header>
    <as:queryId xmlns:as="http://xsd.atscale.com/soap_v1" soap:mustUnderstand="0">5b628d4c-722e-4bac-a724-0b64a2ff4fd7</as:queryId>
  </soap:Header>
  <soap:Body>
    <ExecuteResponse xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:xml-analysis">
      <return>
        <root xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:xml-analysis:rowset"
          xmlns:msxmla="http://schemas.microsoft.com/analysisservices/2003/xmla"
          xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
          <xsd:schema xmlns:sql="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:xml-sql" targetNamespace="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:xml-analysis:rowset" elementFormDefault="qualified">
            <xsd:element name="root">
              <xsd:complexType>
                <xsd:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
                  <xsd:element name="row" type="row"/>
                </xsd:sequence>
              </xsd:complexType>
            </xsd:element>
            <xsd:simpleType name="uuid">
              <xsd:restriction base="xsd:string">
                <xsd:pattern value="[0-9a-zA-Z]{8}-[0-9a-zA-Z]{4}-[0-9a-zA-Z]{4}-[0-9a-zA-Z]{4}-[0-9a-zA-Z]{12}" />
              </xsd:restriction>
            </xsd:simpleType>
            <xsd:complexType name="xmlDocument">
              <xsd:sequence>
                <xsd:any/>
              </xsd:sequence>
            </xsd:complexType>
            <xsd:complexType name="row">
              <xsd:sequence>
                <xsd:element sql:field="CONNECTOR_TYPE" name="CONNECTOR_TYPE" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="0"/>
                <xsd:element sql:field="EXTRA_JDBC_FLAGS" name="EXTRA_JDBC_FLAGS" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="0"/>
                <xsd:element sql:field="NAME" name="NAME" type="xsd:string" minOccurs="0"/>
              </xsd:sequence>
            </xsd:complexType>
          </xsd:schema>
        <row>
          <CONNECTOR_TYPE>mssql</CONNECTOR_TYPE>
          <EXTRA_JDBC_FLAGS>encrypt=true;trustServerCertificate=true</EXTRA_JDBC_FLAGS>
          <NAME>MSSQL</NAME>
        </row>
      </root>
    </return>
  </ExecuteResponse>
</soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

More Information

- ▲ [Request reference](#) - how to make requests to the Data Catalog API.
- ▲ [Response reference](#) - how to receive and process responses from the Data Catalog API.